

"Helping Build Communities"



Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation

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Appendix B – Modified Area Analysis

- Appendix C ABC 1997 Building Code Review
- Appendix D Proposed Finish Schedule Appendix E Design Ratios
- Appendix F LEED® Checklist
- **Appendix G Hanscomb Estimate** (provided under separate cover)



1.0 INTRODUCTION

In July of 2007, Barr Ryder Architects & Interior Designers and the consultant team were retained by Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation to work with representatives of AI & T, a LEED® Specialist and additional consultant team to design a new prototypical 600 student Kindergarten to Grade Nine (K-9) Core School.

The underlying concept for the new prototypical Core School is that the facility is to have a Core building that is designed to accommodate a maximum of 600 students based on the Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation School Infrastructure Manual, with sixteen (16) classrooms attached to the school being modular relocatable structures.

As part of the mandate for the development of this facility, the Core School is to be designed to achieve a minimum LEED® Silver Certification rating, and will be a leader in institutional sustainable design.

To date the architectural consultant team have been involved in four design workshops with Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation, and the following report outlines the preferred concept resulting from this interactive process.



2.0 ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

2.1 General

It was unanimously determined that the most important factor for the concept development of the 600 Core School was to support the appropriate education of children and ensure their well being, both inside and outside the facility.

As part of our design process, it was established the following philosophical goals as the basis by which our design has evolved.

Philosophical Goals

- .1 Meet all programmatic and educational requirements.
- .2 The development of the Core School with Modular relocatable classrooms should be equal to the development of a permanent school.
- .3 Develop a simple circulation system with clear lines of visibility and orientation for maximization of supervision and security.
- .4 Maximize community accessibility to the gymnasium.
- .5 Allow for the potential to expand the school.
- .6 Develop flexible learning and interactive spaces for students, teachers and the community.
- .7 Make provision for variability of components within core to suite individual school requirements.
- .8 Create an ability for the facility to be separated into wings for appropriate separation of programs as deemed appropriate for the size of the school and age classifications.
- .9 Establish simple and cost effective structural, mechanical and electrical systems within the Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation guidelines, including the "persist" wall system.
- .10 Incorporation of sustainable design systems into the building concept as deemed practicable including the maximization of natural lighting and views.



2.2 **Building Concept**

The overall Building Concept for the proposed 600 Student K-9 Core School simply reflected the initial philosophical goals.

Given the size of the school and the proposed K-9 grade combination, a two-wing split for the school was established to be a reasonable solution. The separation of division one, and the lower grades of division two from the upper grades of Division 2 and division three students in separate wings of the school, although deemed not necessary, facilitates a variety of programmatic options in the school. The proposed two wing split also reduced the length of any one hallway in the school and reduced the potential for long lines of visibility increasing security and control of the facility. The final grade delineation facilitated by split wings would be made on a school-byschool basis by the various school divisions.

The development of a simple circulation system that split the two wings with a central, directly accessible entry, gathering and orientation space within the school easily met our philosophical goals for clear lines of visibility, orientation, security and ease of access. A centrally located node/gathering space on direct lines of circulation also allows for visibility within the core area, a gathering space for students and the community and allows for the maximization of community access to the gymnasium.

As schools today are community schools that allow access for certain public functioning, it was important to the design team that accessibility was clearly expressed in the design. As the gymnasium is the most requested space for public use in the school, it was felt it should be centrally located, directly accessible from the entrance.

The core wings of the school radiate linearly from around gymnasium on an axis that runs the schools core functions allowing equal access to common areas from both wings.

The concept for the attachment of the modular relocatable classrooms to the core was to use both Type A and Type B units linked at the ends of each wing. The simple configuration allows for each school to stack relocatables on wings based on individual school populations, and facilitate an appropriate level of flexibility for future demographic changes.

Overall, the concept for 600 Core School is very straight forward, efficient, practical that achieves a balanced educational environment.







2.3 Design Development

.1 Site

Based on a generic site concept, the following fundamental site development guidelines have been established:

- .1 The orientation of the building should be towards the street:
 - Identifiable presence in the community.
 - Ease of identification and orientation.
 - Clear site lines and visibility for security.
- .2 Student access should be from the main road.
 - Student safety and site security is paramount.
- .3 Student drop off areas for both cars and buses should be directly off the main road.
 - Separate drop off areas to be created for both buses and cars.
 - A lay by type drop off, reduces the impact of large separate passenger and bus drop off areas.
 - There should be limited opportunity for pedestrian traffic to conflict with vehicular traffic.
- .4 Student drop off areas to be separated from parking area.
 - At no time should students have to cross drive aisles to other parking areas to get to the school.
- .5 Student playground areas should be oriented to the rear of the school.
 - Playgrounds, play apparatus and sports fields oriented rear of the building to ensure a safe, enclosed area for the students that can be easily controlled and maintained.
 - *Note:* It was assumed that the entire site would be enclosed by a 1,500 mm chain link fence with controlled access and egress areas.
- .6 Building orientation for solar patterns is somewhat limited on the generic site; however, each development site will be evaluated on an individual basis.
 - Natural light and views, however, are fundamental requirements to the development of this facility.
 - Solar shades and/or light shelves can be added to facades for light penetration.



- .7 It was also essential to the development of the site that the orientation of the facility would enhance the sense that this new building was part of the community and although a school, the community was welcome.
 - A community plaza concept in front of the School.
 - Accessible facilities within the School.
 - Accessible play structures and sports fields.
 - A safe environment for children.
- .8 Staff and visitor parking areas would be located away from congested student drop off areas, but adjacent to the school. This location on the site allows for ease of access for staff to the parking areas and the school.











.2 Building

The initial prototype Core School was to be designed based on a total occupancy of six hundred (600) students. Based on information provided by Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation the total allowable gross area for the Core School was not to exceed $5,109 \text{ m}^2$.

The programmed areas as provided by Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation outline that to accommodate six hundred (600) K-9 students the Core School is to include:

- 16 modular relocatable classrooms;
- two junior high science rooms;
- one elementary science room;
- four ancillary classrooms;
- a CTS lab/classroom;
- a gymnasium;
- a library;
- one information service areas;
- an administration area;
- washrooms, and;
- a variety of service and support areas.

A detailed area breakdown for the school is included in Appendix A.

All the programmatic, educational and accessibility requirements are to be met in the design of the Core School. At this time, some assumptions are made as to programmatic details, however, the flexibility of the design allows for refinement during the client and stakeholder review process and workshops.

The balance of the School was designed around the two axes of the facility and located based on specific programmatic requirements as outlined in the school infrastructure manual.

The administration area and library were located off of the central gathering space for equal common and secure access.

It is essential that the administration suite be visually and physically accessible as one immediately enters the school. A sense of welcome, but also a sense of security needs to be maintained at all times. The proposed two-wing concept for the school allows for a high degree of visual and secure access from the administration suite and gathering node.

The proposed gymnasium also oriented on the main entry axis of the school is intended to be a two-station gymnasium complete with a retractable divider curtain. The gymnasium will offer full competitive basketball and volleyball courts, gross court basketball and volleyball and badminton courts. It was important to the overall design team that the new gymnasium accommodates the many community-enhancing programs desired for the School. After hour's sports programs and community gatherings were all desired uses for the gymnasium.



The ECS suite is centrally located off of the main entrance for ease of access for parents and visibility to the administration suite to ensure the security of the students. A waiting area has also been proposed for parents for the ECS students.

The two permanent wings of the School support each pod of modular relocatable classrooms. The wings house the various care areas demanded by the programmatic requirements at the divisions of the school. The modular relocatable classroom pods are to be established based on the population base of each location. The groupings of each modular pod can be modified as the demographics change.

The slightly modified Area Analysis for this 600 Core School design is included in Appendix C.









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.3 Building Scale and Details

As this School is a Kindergarten to Grade Nine (K-9) facility, the design team felt it was essential that the new Core School presented a scale that was appropriate to the age group and the community. The entry would be at a scale that would be appropriate for this type of public building within the community. The proposed building concept would also allow for an increase in the scale of the spaces as one progressed into the building and into the more public spaces. The circulation node/gathering space being adjacent to administration and the gym would command a larger presence in the building and finally the gymnasium would aesthetically and functionally be the tallest space in the facility.

Light and views will also play a significant role in the development of this facility. All teaching and occupied spaces will receive appropriate levels of natural lighting. Exterior windows would be operable for access to fresh air.

Areas like the main entry circulation node/gathering space will receive clerestory lighting accents.

When the overall site is finalized and building orientation established, there could be the addition of exterior shade mechanisms and light shelves that would enhance the interior environment of the school.

.4 Exterior Elevations Concept

For the design of the Core School, It was felt important that the Core School reflect a kidsize scale for elementary and junior high schools, colors and materials would be used to break the scale of the school, reflect a neighborhood scale, conform to any architectural controls, and personify durability and longevity.

The planning and design process have established a school footprint with basic boundaries for development, however, depending upon the community, the school division and any development restrictions, the aesthetics for the school can be varied.

The configuration of the school allows for a variety of entry accents and façade accents along the exterior of the permanent school, including student entrances to the playground areas. Some of these options have been included in this report.

Currently the modular relocatable classrooms have fairly limited finish options, but can be easily painted or refinished appropriately during the construction process. The building design concept would attempt to use color and manipulate materials to incorporate the modular units, cohesively with the building design.





KEYNOTES THIS SHEET ONLY: 1 PREFINISHED CONCRETE MASONRY 2 PREFINISHED CONCRETE MASONRY ACCENT 3 PRE FINISHED METAL FLASHING 4 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEM (EIFS) 3 DOUBLE GLAZED, THERMAL, ALLIMINUM ANDORWS 6 PRE FINISHED CEMENTITIOUS PANEL 7 PRE FINISHED CEMENTITIOUS PANEL 7 PRE FINISHED METAL PANEL 8 TRAINSLUCENT WALL PANEL

() PRE FINISHED CEMENTITIOUS BOARD

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View to Entry



2.4 Facility Construction

The proposed new school is to be constructed to meet or exceed the basic requirements for the construction of schools as outlined by Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation.

The overall concept for the development of the construction system for this facility is predicated on the following:

- Ensure durable materials throughout the facility average 25-year lifespan.
- Ensure easily maintainable products and technology.
- Accessible and clearable surfaces.
- Surfaces to be vandal proof.

The proposed school is to be constructed as a noncombustible building as defined in the Alberta Building Code 1997. The facility is to be subdivided into three compartments separated by a 90 minute ULC rated masonry firewall. Based on requirements outlined by Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation, the proposed facility will not be sprinklered.

For the purposes of this report the basic construction systems are conceptual only, each individual school board and school location will finalize the construction systems.

Foundations will typically be frost wall and footings or grade beams and piles depending upon geotechnical conditions. Exterior and interior load bearing walls are proposed to be lightweight concrete masonry units. Roof structure would typically be steel joists of varying sizes. A more definitive outline of the structural components is outlined in the structural component of the report.

Interior non-load bearing partitions are specified to be lightweight concrete masonry units. Depending upon the specific school division requirements, a decision to use impact resistant gypsum board and steel stud framed walls to increase flexibility within the school is possible.

Exterior partitions will be constructed as a rain screen (Persist wall), with the interior wythe of the wall being 200 mm masonry block, 90 mm of rigid insulation, air/moisture barrier membrane, 30 mm air space and an exterior wythe of 100 mm masonry. Upper portions of walls (above 4400 mm) may be finished with a drained exterior finish insulation with a similar 'R' value as the lower portion of the wall system for cost efficiency. The roof will be constructed to meet the requirements of an ARCA roof system including a two-ply SBS membrane or approved equal, 25 mm protective insulation, 200 mm of rigid insulation will be placed on an air/moisture barrier membrane on sheathing on metal deck and trusses. Pre-finished metal flashings and a cement plaster soffit finishes the balance of the construction system. All proposed windows will be thermally broken double glazed aluminum windows complete with low "E" argon, except clerestory windows, are proposed to be an insulated light panel system as manufactured by Kalwall or equal.



Wall/floor finishes will be selected based on durability and ease of maintenance but would typically include:

- Paint
- Ceramic Tile
- Vinyl Composite Tile
- Resilient Flooring
- Hardwood (gymnasium)
- Carpet
- Rubber Base

The overall School design is based on guidelines outlined in the Alberta Building Code 1997 and other relevant codes. A more definitive code review is included in Appendix C.







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ROOF			
19 mm RAMING			
3			
ROOF			
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WOOD BLOCKING			
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NARD WOOD			
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2.5 Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED®)

As part of the design teams mandate for the development of the 600 Core School, the proposed new school should meet or exceed the LEED® requirements to achieve LEED® Silver Certification.

To achieve LEED® Silver Certification, the design team has committed to the following design strategies based on the green building rating system.

Sustainable Sites (SS)

.1 Erosion and Sedimentation Control Prerequisite 1

The design team intends to adopt an erosion and sediment control plan for the project site during construction. Strategies may include temporary and permanent seeding, mulching, earth dikes, silt fencing, sediment traps and basins.

.2 Site Selection Credit 1 (1 point)

Although there has been no specific site selected for the proposed school, it is felt that the design team in conjunction with the Owner would ensure the following:

- Preference given to sties that do not include sensitive site elements and restrictive land types.
- Minimization of building footprint to minimize site disruption.
- .3 Alternative Transportation Credit 4.1 (1 point)

As it is anticipated that the proposed sites are urban sites, the design team is confident that public transportation will be available in the vicinity of the school. In addition, a certain percentage of the students will be bused to the site.

.4 Alternative Transportation - Bicycle Storage and Changing Rooms Credit 4.2 (1 point)

It is the intention of the design team to incorporate bicycle racks and showering/changing facilities into the design of the school.

.5 Reduced Site Disturbance – Protect or Restore Open Space Credits 5.1 and 5.2 (2 points)

> During the development of the site, natural trees and vegetation are to be incorporated into the design. Clearly marked construction boundaries are to be established and maintained during construction and all damaged areas of the existing site are to be restored.



.6 Storm Water Management - Rate and Quality Credit 6.1 (1 point)

The design team will evaluate the potential for incorporation of this Credit into the design based on site selection.

.7 Heat Island Effect – Roof Credit 7.2 (1 point)

The incorporation of an ENERGY STAR® highly reflective, and high emissivity roof for at least 75% of the proposed schools roof is a priority to the design team.

.8 Light Pollution Reduction Credit 8 (1 point)

The design team intends to eliminate light trespass from the building and site to improve night sky access and reduce the developments impact on the nocturnal environment.

Water Efficiency (WE)

.1 Water Efficient Landscaping Reduce by 50% - Credit 1.1 (1 point)

Overall, the landscape design is intended to utilize all indigenous species and reduce or eliminate irrigation requirements. The use of high efficiency irrigation systems or the utilization of storm water or grey water for irrigation will be evaluated on a per project basis.

.2 Water Use Reduction 30% Reduction – Credits 3.1 & 3.2 (2 points)

The design team will employ strategies that will maximize water efficiencies within the building to meet or exceed 30% less potable water use. Strategies include the use of high efficiency fixtures and fixture sensors.

Energy and Atmosphere (EA)

.1 Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning Pre-Requisite 1

As part of the requirements for the development of this project the engagement of a commissioning authority and the adoption of commissioning plan are to be included in the bidding documents. A commissioning report will be prepared at the end of the project.



.2 Minimum Energy Performance Pre-requisite 2

The design team will design the school to ensure the building complies with A/SHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-1999 (without amendments) or 10% better than MNECB. Overall, the building envelope and systems are to be designed to maximize energy performance.

.3 CFC reduction in HVAC and refrigeration equipment and elimination of halons Pre-requisite 3

All HVAC and refrigeration equipment specified for the project will not use any CFC refrigerants and thus reduces ozone depletion.

.4 Optimize Energy Performance Credit 1 (4 points)

The design team will propose energy systems for the school that will achieve up to 30% reduction in design energy cost based on ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-1999.

.5 Ozone Protection Credit 4 (1 point)

All HVAC and refrigeration equipment specified for the school will not contain HCFC's.

.6 Measurement and Verification Credit 5 (1 point)

The building is to be designed with equipment to measure energy and water performance.

Materials and Resource (MR)

- .1 Storage and Collection of Recyclables Prerequisite 1
- .2 Facilities needed for the appropriate collection at recyclables are to be provided in the school.
- .3 Construction Waste Management Divert 50% from landfill – Credit 2.1 (1 point)

As part of the bidding documents the contractor will be required to implement a waste management plan. The waste management plan will identify strategies to ensure that at least 50% of construction and land cleaning waste is recycled or salvaged.



.4 Recycled Content

15% (Post consumer + ¹/₂ Post Industrial) – Credit 4.2 (2 points)

As part of the bidding documents the design team and contractor is to identify and confirm a minimum 15% goal for recycled content materials.

.5 Regional Materials

10% extracted and manufactured regionally – Credit 5.1 (1 point)

The design team intends to specify a minimum 10% of construction materials or products for which at least 80% of the mass is extracted, processed and manufactured within 800 km (500 miles) of the project.

.6 Durable Building

The design team will select Durables products and materials for installation into the building that exceed the design service life as established in Table 2 in CSA S478-95 (R2001) – Guideline on Durability in Buildings.

Indoor Environmental Quality (EQ)

.1 Minimum IAQ Performance Pre-requisite 1

The design team intends the IAQ Performance of the building to exceed the requirements of (Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7) ASHRAE 62-2001.

.2 Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control Pre-requisite 2

Smoking will be prohibited in the building.

.3 Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Monitoring – Credit 1 (1 point)

The school building will be designed with carbon dioxide sensors integrated into the building automation system (DDC).

.4 Ventilation Effectiveness Credit 2 (1 point)

The HVAC system and building envelope is to be designed to optimize air change effectiveness including displacement ventilation and operable windows.



.5 Construction IAQ Management Plan During Construction – Credit 3.1 (1 point)

> During the course of construction the general contractor will adopt an IAQ management plan to protect the HVAC system during construction, control pollutant sources and interrupt contamination pathways.

.6 Construction – IAQ Management Plan Testing Before Occupancy – Credit 3.2 (1 point)

> It is the intention of the design team to immunize indoor air quality problems resulting from the construction process to help sustain the comfort and well being of construction workers and building occupants.

.7 Low Emitting Materials

Low-VOC materials are to be specified in construction documents and VOC limits are to be clearly outlined for sealants and adhesives.

.8 Low Emitting Materials Paints and Coating – Credit 4.2 (1 point)

Low-VOC paints and coatings are to be specified in construction documents and VOC limits are to be clearly outlined for paints and coatings.

.9 Low Emitting Materials Carpet – Credit 4.3 (1 point)

Low-VOC carpet products and systems are to be specified in construction documents and VOC limits are to be clearly outlined for carpets and related systems.

.10 Low Emitting Materials Composite Wood and Laminate Adhesives

Wood and agri-fiber products and laminating adhesives specified on the school project will contain no added urea-formaldehyde.

.11 Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control Credit 5 (1 point)

In the design development process separate exhaust and plumbing systems are to be designed into the building for room with contaminants to achieve physical isolation from the rest of the building.



.12 Thermal Comfort Compliance – Credit 7.1 (1 point) Monitoring – Credit 7.2 (1 point)

The design team intends to provide a thermally comfortable environment that will support the productivity and well being of the occupants of the school and comply with ASHRAE Standard 55-2004, Thermal Comfort Conditions for Human Occupancy, and provide a monitoring system to ensure compliance.

.13 Daylight and Views Views for 90% of Spaces – Credits 8.188.2 (2 points)

The design team intends to ensure that at least 90% of all regularly occupied space achieves a direct line of sight to vision glazing.

Innovation and Design Process (ID)

.1 Innovation and Design – Credit 1 (1 point)

The design team believes that the Care School Concept and other design and maintenance strategies developed for the school will result in a minimum of one point for innovation and design.

.2 LEED® Accredited Professional Credit 2 (1 point)

At least on principal, participant of the project team will have successfully completed the LEED® Accredited Professional exam.



3.0 STRUCTURAL DESIGN

3.1 Structural Systems

This section describes the recommended overall structural systems proposed for the 600 Core School in Edmonton, Alberta and the applicable building code requirements that govern the design.

Structurally, our challenge is not only to look at the building as a static structure, but to also be concerned with how the building might evolve as occupant needs change, or how it will accommodate the rapid growth of information technology, and to ensure that the structural systems chosen is flexible to accommodate those future changes.

These issues are as important as the structural design of the building itself and become an important factor when choosing the structural system of the building.

The structural systems for the 600 Core School have also been developed to be economical, and responsive to the architectural requirements for the building within the framework of environmental sustainability.

In choosing the structural systems for the 600 Core School, emphasis was given to the following items.

.1 Safety

• The design of all structural systems will meet or exceed all applicable CSA Standards, thus providing a safe environment for its occupants for years to come.

.2 Economically Responsible

- With the current economical conditions in Edmonton preference will be given to structural systems that are widely available, thus minimizing the risk of labour shortage.
- Budget reviews and comparisons with the Architect and Owner will be made throughout the design stage to ensure the economical goals set for the project.

.3 Functionality

• The main structural components chosen are masonry walls and structural steel. Masonry walls other than their excellent capability as structural elements, provide a durable low maintenance surface as well as excellent acoustic values. Structural steel framing is an excellent structural system that can be custom designed to meet the Architect's strict requirements for vibrations and deflection specifications.



.4 Durability

• Structural systems have been chosen to reduce on-going maintenance costs.

.5 Green Design

• Preference has been given to structural materials with high recycled material content.

3.2 Design Requirements

The structural systems will be capable of sustaining the following loading requirements:

Main Floor:	Dead Load Live Load			
Library:	Live Load	=	7.2	kPa
Mechanical Room:	Dead Load Live Load			
Roof Structure:	Dead Load Live Load			**
	Snow Load Important Fa			kPa + Snow Drift 1.15

Appropriate snow piling will also be incorporated into the roof design due to difference in roof heights.

The structural design will incorporate the actual anticipated loads in the various designated areas, which are unique to the building occupancy, and all equipment loads will be individually considered.

3.3 Lateral Load Resistant Systems

The main lateral load resisting elements of the building will be designed using the following parameters:

.1 Wind

•	Reference Hourly Wind Pressure	1/50	0.45 kPa
	Important Factor (I _W)	1.15	

.2 Earthquake

• Peak Ground Acceleration 0.059



% Damped Spectral Response Acceleration Values, Sa(T)

- Period = 0.2 sSa(0.2) = 0.12Period = 0.5 sSa(0.2) = 0.056_
 - Sa(0.2) = 0.023Period = 1.0 s
 - Sa(0.2) = 0.008Period = 2.0 s
- Site Class As per geotechnical report recommendation
- Acceleration Based Site Coefficient (F_a) Site Class dependent
- Velocity-based Site Coefficient (F_v) Site Class dependent
- 1.3 Importance Factor (I_E)
- Force Modification Factors
 - Structural Steel Brace Frames 1.5
 - Concrete Masonry Walls 1.5
 - Cast-In-Place Concrete Walls 1.5

3.4 **Design Criteria**

The structural design will be in accordance with the following codes and standards:

- Alberta Building Code 2006 •
- National Building Code 2006
- Structural Steel Design CAN/CSA-S16-01
- Reinforced Concrete Design CAN/CSA-A23.1 / A23.2 / A23.3
- Engineering Masonry Design CSA-S304.1

3.5 **Construction Materials**

The following materials will be utilized for the 600 Core School.

.1 Concrete

		Minimum Compressive Strength at 28 days (MPa)
•	Foundations	35
•	Conventional Slab-On-Grade	30
•	Walls	35
•	Toppings	30
•	Masonry Core fills	20

Air entrainment will be used for concrete exposed to the atmosphere or cast • against the ground.



- Type GU hydraulic cement will be used for all concretes, unless noted otherwise in the geotechnical report.
- Grade 400 reinforcing steel conforming to CAN/CSA-G30.18-M92 will be specified for reinforced concrete.
- .2 Steel
 - Structural steel will conform to the requirements of CAN/CSA-G40.20 / G40.21-04. Grade 350W steel will be used for W-Shapes and hollow structural sections. Grade 300W steel will be used for other structural shapes and plate.
 - Open web steel joists in accordance to CAN/CSA-S16-01.
 - Metal decking in accordance to CAN/CSA-S136-01.

.3 Masonry

• Masonry block will conform to the requirements of CSA-A371-04.

3.6 Foundation System

Even though there has been no recent geotechnical evaluation for the proposed sites, based on our experience in the Edmonton area, it would appear that concrete footings supporting a continuous foundation wall should be an acceptable foundation system. If concentrations of soluble sulphates are present in the soils, Portland Cement Type 50 will be utilized.

3.7 Main Floor

A reinforced cast-in-place concrete floor on grade will be provided for the main floor.

The floor will consist of 130 mm reinforced concrete slab unless noted otherwise by the soils report, resting on compacted 150 mm clean well-graded granular base over native clay till soils below.

Cast-in-place concrete structural supported floors will be provided for all exterior concrete stoops at doorways and any other areas, which may be designated as "sensitive to movement".

3.8 Mechanical Room

The floor system for the Mechanical room will consist of 100 mm thick reinforced concrete topping acting composite with 38 mm steel decking, supported by steel beams.

Utilization of steel deck and joists becomes feasible and economically viable due to multiple units, where the repetitive use of standard components manufactured in a factory may be fully utilized.



This system has excellent structural rigidity and at the same time provides fire resistance, sound control, durability, low maintenance and rapid construction, thus eliminating any unwanted construction waiting periods.

3.9 Roof System

The roof structure over the new school will consist of a combination of steel deck supported by steel joists, beams, and steel trusses.

Exposed steel trusses will be utilized to support the roof over the gymnasia, as well as above the Atrium, the library, the woods lab and in the foods and fashion lab areas.

3.10 Wall System

Load bearing masonry walls will be utilized to support the roof and mezzanine structures. Masonry walls will consist of either 200 mm or 300 mm, reinforced concrete block walls.

Masonry walls other than their excellent capability as structural elements, provide a durable low maintenance surface for long time. All exterior masonry walls will be insulated as required.

3.11 Site Construction Overview

Pre-fabrication of structural members combined with speed of erection saves valuable overall construction time. Pre-fabricated steel joists, beams, and steel deck are manufactured and precut to length while foundations and site work proceed at the same time, allowing delivery and erection from truck to structure on a precise and predetermined construction schedule. Once installation of the precut members is underway, construction of the roof will proceed shortly afterwards, thus reducing unwanted construction schedule delays.



4.0 MECHANICAL DESIGN

4.1 Introduction

The 600 student capacity Standard Core School project consists primarily of two major components of work. These phases of work are the development of:

Core facility areas which are centrally located in the complex including:

- Administration/ staff area
- Washrooms and common areas
- Storage area
- Wiring network
- Circulation
- Flexible space student gathering
- Gymnasium, gymnasium storage and physical education office
- Ancillary classrooms
- Science labs/classrooms
- CTS lab/classroom
- Mechanical and electrical areas
- Any other areas required by the program

This component of work will involve the development of new spaces to satisfy growing demand for instructional capacity.

modular classroom expansion surrounding the core of the school to allow for growth in a number of students and class sizes.

From a mechanical systems and services perspective, this project will involve the installation of new infrastructure for the new facility, as well as the extension of essential services to serve the added modular classrooms.

4.2 Overview

The scope of mechanical work for the core space includes heating, ventilation, plumbing, fire protection and control systems sufficient for effective and reliable facility operations. The goals and objectives of the mechanical design are:

- .1 To provide a design that meets the Client's needs as defined by the program, and by communication in design meetings.
- .2 To provide a design within the budget allowed for this work.
- .3 To provide a design that is generally consistent with the current A.I. technical standards and guidelines that relate to facilities of this nature.



- .4 Provide a sustainable, efficient and functional system for the facility which is consistent with LEED[®] performance criteria.
- .5 The mechanical design will comply with the current *Alberta Building Code* (2007) and all applicable Provincial and Municipal Codes. Good quality mechanical systems will be used throughout the project. ASHRAE will be used as a guide to establish criteria for heating and ventilation system design.
- .6 System design will reflect a prudent blend of life cycle cost considerations including capital costs, utility consumption costs and simple straightforward systems that can be understood and operated in an effective manner. Consideration will be given to providing accessibility for maintenance. Canadian products will be specified wherever possible to facilitate easy replacement of parts.

4.3 **Protection and Life Safety**

The facility design strategy with respect to current code requirements is to design a core facility in such a way that wet sprinkler systems are not required. No sprinkler systems are anticipated for building functions and code requirements.

All new systems shall satisfy the latest building code and NFPA requirements.

Extinguishers will be distributed in recessed cabinets, consistent with *Alberta Building Code* requirements.

4.4 Site Service Utilities

New storm and sanitary services are to be provided based on the generic site plan. Lines will be connected to Municipal utilities. The site will be subject to local Guideline requirements. Storm water ponding may be required in new green space adjacent to the new facility for storm water retention where local Municipal requirements mandate this need.

A new gas service will be provided as required to suit the building loads as well as loads for future modular, portable classrooms.

4.5 Plumbing Systems

All new plumbing systems are to be of the latest design and of the highest degree of water consumption efficiency. The washroom layout and fixture count to be reviewed for code compliance and adequate to satisfy future space planning. Ultra low flow urinals will be utilized as a sustainable design measure, along with ultra low flush toilets as a further water conservation measure. Barrier free accessible layout and fixture replacement will be necessary to accommodate new building functions. New lavatories, trim and sinks are proposed along with water conserving faucet sets with the intent of achieving the highest potential LEED[®] Water Efficiency (W.E.) credit.

Plumbing fixtures will be selected consistent with program requirements and in close communication with Client and the Architect.

Domestic water piping, sanitary water piping, storm and plumbing vents will be networked throughout the building back to the service connections and mechanical plant. Site work is required in terms of service connections, depending upon location and depth of new site service connections.

Domestic hot water for the facility is to be provided by individual high efficiency water heaters installed in the mechanical room. A small domestic hot water recirculation pump will be provided to ensure availability of hot water throughout the facility.

All domestic hot, cold and recirculation piping will be thermally insulated for energy conservation. Domestic hot, cold and recirculation piping will be extended to all fixtures. Domestic hot water will be generated for distribution at 54° C.

Reduced pressure backflow preventer assemblies will be provided consistent with the *National Plumbing Code* requirements.

A system of sanitary drains and venting will collect sanitary waste and will transfer effluent to the Municipal sewer system. The primary connection point will be a sanitary manhole in the adjacent site prior to termination in the municipal service.

Storm water will ultimately be directed to a municipal storm water system. Consideration is being given to a storm water retention system. Storm water may be collected by a system of roof drains and catch basins.

4.6 Heating Systems

Design Criteria

	Indoor	Indoor	1% ABC Outdoor
	Design	Relative	Design
Space Use	Temp.	Humidity	Temp. + 10%
			(Edmonton, AB)
Classrooms, Administration &			
General Office Space:			
- Occupied	22°C	15%	-37°C
- Unoccupied	18°C	N/A	-37°C

Heating system for the building will be a combination of perimeter baseboard heating, and/or passive radiant heating panels suspended from the structure. These perimeter elements will be of a 2-pipe configuration. The perimeter panels will be controlled in concert with air system functions for the building.


The orientation of the heating system will be as follows:

- Two hot water high efficiency heating boilers will be situated in the mechanical room. One exchanger will be provided for the air system glycol heating loop.
- For the respective heating loops, hydronic circulating pumps, expansion tanks and accessories will be installed locally in the mechanical room.
- A network of insulated reversed return hot water supply and return lines running to heating risers and mains will distribute heating water to the facility.
- Radiant panels will be zoned on an exposure basis. Each zone will be controlled by thermostats and valves with individual room control where appropriate.
- Entrance unit heaters will be ceiling or wall mounted in vestibules and entryways to allow for offsetting of infiltration at door entrances.
- The proposed system will provide the occupants with a high level of thermal comfort with a passive and quiet delivery of low grade radiant energy to the building structure. This system will afford the appropriate level of zoning and controls to suit space requirements.

4.7 Cooling Systems

Design Criteria

Space Use	Indoor Design Temp.	Indoor Relative Humidity	2.5% ABC Outdoor Temp DB/WB (Edmonton, AB)
General Common Spaces Administration Computer Classrooms	26°C 24°C	N/A N/A	29/10°C 29/19°C

Mechanical cooling for the entire facility will not be provided. Where essential, cooling for the project will be by way of Dx split systems or dedicated cooling only AC units. The orientation of the cooling system will be as follows:

• Computer or high heat load rooms will be fitted out with either ductless split units or dedicated cooling units such that cooling can be managed effectively with either free cooling or mechanical cooling as heat loads require. Hub rooms and server rooms will be managed with unitary cooling unit sized for the equipment loads. For the respective rooms, equipment will be installed locally in the mechanical room or otherwise serviceable location.



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• Classroom and administration air systems would be designed to allow for free cooling for spaces as outdoor conditions permit, however no mechanical cooling is planned. The air systems are intended be used in concert with operable windows to provide for occupant comfort in summer months.

4.8 Ventilation Systems

Design Criteria		
System	Minimum People O/A. (CFM per person)	Minimum Space O/A (CFM per person per sq.ft.)
Administration/ General	5	0.06
Classrooms	10	0.12

*Exhaust rate from toilets will be minimum 2 CFM/ft². Air supply to facility will make up this volume or 20 CFM per person, whichever is greater.

The main building ventilation systems will consist of two indoor air system situated in the mechanical room and mezzanine. The classroom and office area systems will be designed with the premise of providing displacement ventilation at reduced air change rates, and with higher proportions of outdoor air such that fan energy consumption and duct sizes can be reduced. The gymnasium system will utilize duct mounted 'drum style' diffusers and will draw return/ exhaust through the washroom/change rooms. These systems will temper the outdoor air to supply the occupied spaces though duct risers and low level supply grilles. All systems will be equipped with return fan, isolation dampers, filter bank, glycol heating coil supplied from the heat exchangers, enthalpy wheel or heat pipe, and a draw-through supply fan. All components will be selected for a life expectancy 30 years based on ASHRAE standards.

Ventilation to the classroom areas will be an 100% outdoor air, displacement ventilation system to supplement the operable windows in the building. This distribution system would supply air around the perimeter of each floor to afford the minimum ventilation supplied to the spaces. *Alberta Building Code* requirements will establish the minimum level of mechanical ventilation.

Ventilation to the office and administration areas will be 100% outdoor air supplied from overhead and returned at low level in order to ensure that the LEED[®] Ventilation Effectiveness credit is obtained.

All air systems will be utilizing enthalpy wheel heat recovery systems on the facility exhaust air streams to improve operating efficiency and will serve to preheat the outdoor air for the new ventilation systems for the building.

Air systems will be equipped with variable temperature with space temperature feedback to reset the discharge air temperature. Air delivery to classrooms and offices will be constant volume. Air systems will be designed to use 100% outdoor air and will provide free cooling when outdoor conditions permit.



Gas fired steam grid humidifiers will be utilized to provide humidification during the winter months in the classroom/office air systems. Humidifiers will be mounted in the mechanical rooms or air systems.

Air system filtration on all units shall be two stage and meet MERV 13 for LEED[®] compliance and air quality control.

4.9 Exhaust Systems

Exhaust system for washrooms in the building consist of a network of exhaust ductwork connected to the primary exhaust fans. The exhaust requirement be in compliance with *Alberta Building Code*. Exhaust systems will also be provided for photocopier areas as well as lunch/kitchenette areas and specific science classrooms

Representative areas which will be equipped with ducted exhaust systems to fans will be as follows:

- Science labs.
- Washrooms, change rooms and janitor rooms will be exhausted at the rate of 2 CFM/sq.ft. as required by Code.
- Storage areas will be exhausted at the rate of 1 CFM/sq.ft.
- Servery areas will be exhausted as dictated by the exhaust hood design.

4.10 Insulation

.1 General

Piping, equipment and sheet metal work with surface temperatures greater or less than surrounding air temperature will be insulated to control heat transfer and condensation. Insulation shall meet minimum *MNEBC* requirements.

.2 Piping

Insulation on piping systems will include:

- Heating water.
- Glycol systems.
- Domestic hot, cold and recirculation.
- Roof drains and a portion of pipe near roof.
- Plumbing vents near roof.

.3 Ductwork

Insulation on duct systems will include:

• Outside air ducts/plenums.



- Supply ducts carrying conditioned air.
- Exhaust/relief ducts near louvers.
- Acoustic treatment where required.

4.11 Humidification Systems

Humidity control will be provided for the core building only. It has been suggested that a minimum amount of humidity control be provided by using a gas fired steam injection humidifier in the air systems to maintain a minimum of 15% humidity in the building during the winter months.

The steam generators proposed for the air systems will be factory assembled and shipped as a complete unit and will be utilized to generate low pressure steam for distribution to humidifier grids in air handling systems.

The relative humidity will be variable, dependent on outside air conditions above 5°C. Humidity will be added only to the -up air systems; not to individual rooms.

4.12 Controls

The proposed system of room temperature control is simplistic and affords a reasonable level of temperature control. It is recommended that this system be DDC based, and flexible to function and expandability.

.1 Central Plant Control

The direct digital control system will operate fan systems, heat exchangers, cooling plant, heating plant and all monitoring and alarm functions. Features will include:

- .1 Software to optimize system operation and start/stop scheduling for unoccupied temperature setback.
- .2 Smart standalone processing unit in the mechanical space linked to an operator's terminal with colour CRT, printer, keyboard interface, telephone modem for remote monitoring and interface.
- .3 Software to optimize energy efficient operation including:
 - Precise control operation through PID (proportional/integral/ derivation) logic.
 - Schedule water temperature with outdoor air temperature to limit heat losses from piping distribution.
 - Space temperature and weather profile feedback to anticipate supply air temperature settings on air system.



.2 Space Temperature Control

Room thermostats, one in each control zone will control space temperature by modulating a control valve on the hot water radiant panel.

4.13 Energy Conservation Measures in Mechanical Systems

Due to the high volume of air that will be exhausted from classrooms, heat recovery will be incorporated into the air system operation.

Minimum 85% efficient boilers will be used.

High efficiency fan and pump motors will be specified. Heating piping and domestic water piping will be insulated.

DDC control of systems will enable exhaust fans and ventilation air units to shut down during unoccupied periods. An unoccupied space temperature setback system will be incorporated to lower room temperatures. On night cycle, the fan systems will be off and room temperatures will be maintained at night setting by the hot water heating system. Controls in the ventilation supply system will allow reset of the mixed air temperature to minimize the amount of air tempering.

Use of "heat wheel" or "heat pipe" heat recovery technology is being utilized for the primary expansion as an energy savings option.

4.14 Executive Summary

The proposed development of the facility is driven by an optimal balance of comfort and efficiency. The intent is to provide a sustainable and environmentally conscience system design for the facility, the following highlights are considered:

- Improvements to plumbing facilities and fixtures to improve water use efficiency and functionality.
- Improvements to heating systems for control and heat distribution management to ensure blanket coverage or exterior zones.
- Addition of mechanical cooling systems in the form of unitary systems where supplemental cooling is required.
- Addition of heat recovery systems to reduce outdoor air heating loads.
- Ventilation systems improvements to ensure low level displacement ventilation air is accurately and unobtrusively delivered to occupied spaces which can be further enhanced by use of operable windows.
- Improvements to life safety systems to meet minimum Code requirements.
- Addition on minimal humidification control for the building of occupant comfort



5.0 ELECTRICAL DESIGN

5.1 Introduction

The following Electrical Design Report describes briefly the electrical systems proposed for the 600 Core School and Modular Schools, and is based on the Alberta Infrastructure Standards Core Elementary School Facilities, and the current edition of the Alberta Building Code, Canadian Electrical Code, and all Provincial and Municipal Codes.

The electrical design shall include fixtures to minimize and control energy consumption consistent with LEED performance criteria.

5.2 **Power Service and Distribution**

Service will be provided underground from a utility company network to a pad mounted transformer located adjacent to the building. From this transformer, an underground 120/208 volt, 3 phase, 4 wire secondary power service will be provided to the electrical distribution center located in the main electrical room.

A new 800 amp 120/208V, 3 ø, 4 wire service complete with:

- 800 amp 3 pole main breaker
- TVSS unit
- Utility current transformer section/utility meter
- Integrated digital meter
- Moulded case thermal/magnetic breaker for control of branch circuit panels
- Exact service size to be confirmed during detail design.

Branch circuit panels will be located throughout the School to most effectively serve the various areas of load concentration.

Power, data, security, sound, and fire alarm provisions will be provided for in the corridor serving the modular classrooms.

5.3 Telephone Service and Distribution

An underground telephone service (100 mm conduit) from TELUS facilities off site will be provided, it will be located in the same trench as the power service. This service will terminate in the computer networking room. An additional 100 mm conduit will be provided for Supernet cable.

A cable tray system will be provided through the school to serve outlets in offices and classrooms. The tray will extend down the corridor serving the modular classrooms.



5.4 **Duplex Receptacles**

Duplex receptacles will be provided throughout all areas of the school for convenience of the staff and for ease of operation of the facility. Special consideration will be given to such areas, Science Rooms, Music and Arts Room, CTS and auxiliary spaces to ensure that sufficient duplex receptacles are provided to meet the special requirements of those areas.

The exact location and quantity of duplex receptacles in all areas will be determined with equipment layouts.

5.5 Car Park Receptacle

Car park receptacles will be provided in the parking lot. Receptacles will be mounted in premanufactured posts which can be readily removed for maintenance and/or replacement.

These receptacles will be controlled from the mechanical BMCS system.

5.6 Lighting

Fluorescent lighting will be the primary source of illumination throughout the school with incandescent and compact fluorescent lighting used in selected areas for display and feature lighting for architectural elements or as a means of changing the aesthetics of an area.

The primary light fixtures will be a 610 mm by 1220 mm with recessed refractor lensed fluorescent luminaire for the school. Energy efficient T5 and T8 lamps and electronic ballast will be used in order to reduce energy consumption.

Gymnasium luminaires will be surface mounted. The luminaires will be equipped with energy efficient T5/HO lamps and electronic ballast.

All lighting in classroom and office will be controlled using line voltage switching. Corridors and gathering areas will be centrally controlled, using low voltage switching. Multi-level control will be provided for in all classrooms and will allow illumination levels to be varied with changing tasks. Daylight sensors will be provided for controllability of fluorescent lighting and will adjust the level of light automatically with the amount of natural light within the classroom.

Exterior site lighting will be provided at exits, pedestrian walkways and throughout parking areas, and will be controlled by motion sensors.

Site lighting will be designed to the illumination levels a set forth by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America. All site lighting fixtures will be controlled through the use of photoelectric cell and time clock.

All exterior lighting will be Dark Sky compliant.

Selected light fixtures within corridor will be controlled from the security key pad to turn lights on during non-operational school hours to allow personal travel.



Occupancy sensors will be utilized in storage, washrooms and electrical/ mechanical rooms.

Daylight sensors will be incorporated to reduce illumination levels in high ceiling areas taking into account the natural light level.

Lighting design will be such as to achieve less than 1 watt per sq.ft. for lighting power density.

5.7 Lighting Types and Areas

Gymnasium Luminaries: pendant/surface mounted totally enclosed/wire guard complete with 6 – 54 watt T5 high output fluorescent lamps; 2 level switched.

Storage/Change Rooms, Mechanical/Electrical: surface/pendant mounted strip lights; 2 - 32 watt fluorescent lamps, wire guards.

Administration/Offices: recessed 610 x 610; 3 - 17 watt fluorescent lamps or Biax with indirect lens.

Classrooms: recessed 610 x 1220 RT5 2 – 28 W T5 fluorescent lamps; 2730 lumens per lamp utilizing volumetric lighting.

Corridors: recessed 610 x 1220 lensed; 2 – 32 watt fluorescent lamps.

Main entry open ceiling pendant, direct/indirect compact fluorescent lamps.

Vestibules: recessed pot light; 1 – 32 watt PL fluorescent lamp.

Washroom: recessed 610 x 1220 lensed; 2 - 32 watt fluorescent lamps. Wall mounted, lensed; valance 1 - 32 W fluorescent.

5.8 Exit Lights

Exit lights will be provided throughout the School and will be LED type and shall be self powered.

5.9 Emergency Lighting

Emergency power battery packs and remote heads utilizing self-test technology will be provided for throughout the School in accordance with the requirements of the Alberta Building Code.

5.10 Fire Alarm and Smoke Detection System

Fire alarm and smoke detection system utilizing current addressable technology with horn strobes and isolation modules will be provided for.

Location of all devices will be as per the current Alberta Building Codes.



5.11 Stage Lighting

Provisions will be made for drama type stage lighting at the portable stage location in the gymnasium. Provisions will consist of two forestage, ceiling mounted pipe rails, each having three outlets; and outlets around the perimeter of the gymnasium to provide for portable spot lights. All outlets will be tied to a hardwired dimmer panel located in the gymnasium. No stage lighting fixtures will be provided in the contract.

5.12 Intrusion Detection System

A intrusion detection system and access control will be provided for. All will consist of entry key pad at the main entry to the school; motion sensor with vestibules and corridors. This system will be zoned to allow for community functions. The system shall be provided with an auto dialer for connection to an outside monitoring facility.

5.13 Sound and Intercommunication System

A sound and PA system will be provided for and will consist of administrative hand sets in the general office and library. Intercom system should also double as the telephone system. Hand sets will be provided for in each classroom to allow communication to the general office and classroom to classroom. The system will also control classroom change signal and exterior signals, voice mail and homework hot line features. All corridors and instructional areas will have speakers.

A self-contained system will be provided for in the gymnasiums to allow independent programs to functions within the area without having to tie through the main school system.

Exterior speaker horns will be provided around the school perimeter to allow paging to bus unloading and playground areas. These horns will be tied to an independent zone control in the main system to allow paging only in the school if so desired.

5.14 Cable Television System

An underground television service (100 mm conduit) from a television facility off site will be provided for and will run in the same trench as telephone and Supernet services.

A television distribution system will be provided throughout the School.

The RG6-FT4 cable will be routed through the cable tray to the wall outlet locations.

Television outlets will be provided in classrooms, project centres, breakout, conference rooms, staff lounge and gymnasium.

5.15 Computer Provisions

Computer outlets will be provided in all Instructional space throughout the School complete with cable tray distribution in the corridor ceiling space.



Category 6 cabling will be provided, complete with RJ45 connectors.

Eight computer ports will be provided for in each Instructional space.

Two computer outlets will also be provided for at the teacher station, one at the front of each classroom for smart board use and a computer outlet in the classroom ceiling for projector use.

The core school will have provision for wireless transmitters.

5.16 Clocks

Primex wireless GPS clocks will be utilized in the classrooms and hallways.

Classroom clocks wireless, with built in transmitter/receiver and built in antennas, 12" diameter, in Instructional and Administration areas. 15" diameter with wire guard in the Gymnasium.

5.17 Energy Conservation Features

In an effort to minimize and control energy consumption and to provide a sustainable, efficient and functional system for the facility which is consistent with LEED criteria, it is proposed that the following special features be incorporated into the electrical systems of the school:

- Energy efficient lamps and ballasts.
- Multi-level local lighting controllability.
- DDC control of car park receptacle operation.
- Time clock control of exterior parking lot lighting.
- Use of fluorescent T8 and T5 technology.
- Occupancy sensor control of lighting in all washrooms; Daylight control of corridors.



Proposed New K-9 (600 student) Core School

Appendices



Appendix A – AI's T Area Analysis



APPENDIX A - AI'S T AREA ANALYSIS - 600 CORE SCHOOL

PROPOSED NEW 600 STUDENT K-9 SCHOOL

School Capacity

- 600 students

AI approved area:

- 600 Students K-9 Core School– Built out gross area – 5109 m²

INSTRUCTIONAL AREA

16 Modular Classrooms @ 2 Science Classrooms @	100 m² 120 m²	1600 m² 240 m²
1 Science Classrooms @	95 m²	95 m²
1 Ancillary @	130 m ²	130 m ²
3 Ancillary @	90 m²	270 m²
1 Gymnasium @	515 m ²	515 m ²
1 Gym Storage @	52 m²	52 m²
1 Library @	240 m²	240 m²
1 Information Services @	115 m ²	115 m ²
1 CTS	200 m ²	200 m ²
Subtotal	3457 m ²	3457 m²

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL AREAS

Administration and Staff

Principal	15 m²
Vice Principal	12 m²
Administration Office	20 m²
Council Office	30 m²
General Administration	45 m²
Conference Room	30 m²
Staff Room	45 m²
Men's	4 m²
Women's	6 m²
Infirmary	40 m²
Kitchen	20 m²
Mechanical	<u>120 m²</u>
Subtotal	427 m²

427 m²



Physical Education Building Gross up Storage Area Washroom Area Flexible Space	100 m ² 103 m ² 72 m ² 40 m ² <u>910 m²</u>	
Subtotal	1225 m ²	1225m ²
Gross Floor Area		5109 m ²
Permanent Area		3509 m ²
Modular Classroom Area		1600 m ²



Appendix B – Modified Area Analysis



APPENDIX B - MODIFIED AREA ANALYSIS - 600 CORE SCHOOL

PROPOSED NEW 600 STUDENT K-9 SCHOOL

School Capacity

- 600 students

Area based on Concept A:

- 600 Students K-9 Core, Built out gross area – 5109 m²

INSTRUCTIONAL AREA

16 Modular Classrooms @2 Science Classrooms @1 Ancillary @	100 m ² 104.5 m ² 128.6 m ²	1600 m ² 208.9 m ² 128.6 m ²
3 Ancillary @	varies	251.8 m ²
2 ECS	84.8 m ²	169.6 m ²
1 Gymnasium @	514 m²	514 m²
1 Gym Storage @	52 m²	52 m²
1 Library @	227 m²	227 m²
1 CTS	193 m²	<u>193 m²</u>
Subtotal		3344.9 m ²

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL AREAS

Administration and Staff

Principal	18.5 m²
Vice Principal	13.9 m²
Administration Office	31.6 m ²
Council Office	37.7 m ²
General Administration	71 m²
Conference Room	20 m²
Staff Room	64 m²
Men's	6 m²
Women's	6 m²
Infirmary	13.5 m ²
Kitchen	11.3 m ²
Mechanical	<u>190 m²</u>
Subtotal	483.5 m²



APPENDIX B – MODIFIED AREA ANAYLSIS – 600 CORE SCHOOL

Physical Education Building Gross up/Circulation Storage Area Washroom Area Wiring Network/Elect./Jan. Flexible Space	$\begin{array}{r} 60 \text{ m}^2 \\ 821.6 \text{ m}^2 \\ 46 \text{ m}^2 \\ 80 \text{ m}^2 \\ 77 \text{ m}^2 \\ \underline{96 \text{ m}^2} \end{array}$
Subtotal	1280.6m ²
Modular Classrooms	1600 m²
Total Core School Area (Including Portables)	5109 m²

Total Core School Area (Excluding Portables) $5109 \text{ m}^2 - 1600 \text{ m}^2 = 3509 \text{ m}^2$



Appendix C – ABC 1997 Building Code Review



A. ASSEMBLY OCCUPANCY

- 1) Group A, Division 2, Assembly Occupancy (3.2.2.25)
 - a) not sprinklered throughout;
 - b) not more than three (3) storeys in height [one (1) storey].
 - c) Facing 3 streets.
 - d) It has a building area not more than:
 - i) 2400 m² [one (1) storey];
 - ii) 1000 m² [two (2) storeys];
 - iii) 500 m^2 [three (3) storeys].
- 2) The building referred to in Sentence (1) is permitted to be of combustible construction or non-combustible construction used singly or in combination, and
 - a) floor assemblies shall be fire separations and, if of combustible construction, shall have a fire-resistance rating not less than 45 minutes;
 - b) mezzanines shall have, if of combustible construction, a fire-resistance rating not less than 45 minutes;
 - c) roof assemblies shall have, if of combustible construction, a fire-resistance rating not less than 45 minutes, except that in a building not more than one (1) storey in building height, the fire-resistance rating is permitted to be waived provided the roof assembly is constructed as a fire-retardant treated wood roof system conforming to Article 3.1.14.1., and the building area is not more than:
 - i) 800 m² if facing one (1) street;
 - ii) 1000 m² if facing two (2) streets, or;
 - iii) 1200 m² if facing three (3) streets, and;
 - d) Loadbearing walls, columns and arches supporting an assembly required to have a fire-resistance rating shall:
 - i) have a fire resistance rating not less than 45 minutes or;
 - ii) be of noncombustible construction.







Appendix D – Proposed Finish Schedule



600 SCH00L

PROPOSED FINISH SCHEDULE

Room Name	Floor	Base	Wall	Ceiling
ADMINISTRATION				
Conference General Office Staff Work Room Principal Vice Principal Administrator Infirmary Counselling Washroom	CPT CPT VCT CPT CPT VCT CPT VCT	RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT/TILE	ACT/PT GWB ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT PT DW
CORE				
Foyer/Vestibule Multi-Purpose Room Washroom Ancillary Break Out Classrooms ECS Kitchenette Corridor Mech	RF CT VCT VCT VCT VCT VCT VCT CONC	RB CT RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB RB	РТ СТ РТ РТ РТ РТ РТ РТ РТ	PT ACT/PT GWB VCT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT EXPOSED
Janitor Storage Locker Room P.E. Office Gym	CONC CONC VCT/CT VCT WOOD	- RB/CT RB VRB	PT PT PT PT PT	EXPOSED EXPOSED PTD GWB ACT PT EXPOSED





APPENDIX D – PROPOSED FINISH SCHEDULE – 600 CORE SCHOOL

KEY:		
CT:	Ceramic Tile - Porceline Tile T: Olympia Le Pietre - White	
	SHR: Mosaic Floor Tile	
	Daltile - Keystones - D037 (White)	
	Wall Tile:	
	Type 1 - Class MR4, 150 x 150 x 6mm size. Square edges, Glazed Locker room, Boys/Girls Washroom, Kitchenette	
	Shower Wall Tile:	
	Daltile - Permatones - 6501 (Matte White)	
ACT:	Acoustical Ceiling Tile	
	Armstrong Cortega CGC Radar	
VCT:	CGC Sheetrock Brand Lay-In Ceiling Tile Clima Plus	
	BPB ProRoc Gypsum ceiling panels, type c vinyl	
	STC rating 35 min, flame spread rating 25 or less	
WOOD:	Wood Strip Flooring, 19mmx38mmxWDE Random Lengths 305mm-2130mm Gym: Cushioned WD Flooring System	
	6mil polyethelene membrane, factory assembled STL Encased WD 1-3/8" x 2-5/8" x 8ft.	
	Sleeper	
	Plywood subfloor, 19mm (3/4") thick, 1120 x 2440	
	size: 610mmx1220mmx13mm thick	
CT:	300 x 300 Armstrong Imperial Texture Excellon	
VRB:	Perimeter Base: 76mm x 100 mm x 6mm hard rubber, vented	
RB:	Resilient Base - CAN/CSA A126-S, Continuous top set, Complete w/Pre-moulded end stops and external corners	
	Amtico/Flexco/Johnsonite	
	Rubber 3.17 thick, Height 100mm	
CPT:	Carpet - Krauss, Dominator or Approved Equal	
	36 oz, Piece Dyed, DuPont Nylon	
PTD:	Painted	
RF:	Linoleum Sheet Flooring: composed of natural ingredients which are mixed and	
	calandared onto juke backing.	
	Acceptable products:	
	1. DLW	
	2. FORBO MARMOLEUM	
	3. ARMSTRONG MARMORETTE	
	4. DOMCO Tarkett Linosom Veneto	
	Gloss 60 degree specular	
	Black coloured rods for welded seam installation to dissimilar colour joints only.	
	Matching colour rods for common colour joints.	
Note: Manufacture	ers noted for information only, in all cases or approved equal as per Alberta	
Infrastructure & Tr	ansportation approved.	
	BARR RYDER	



600 SCH00L

"Helping Build Communities"

Appendix E – Design Ratios



APPENDIX E – DESIGN RATIOS – 600 CORE SCHOOL

Project Identification					
Project Name: Standard Core Elementary School		Building Type:	School		
600 Capacity Location: Base Case – Edmonton		Project Start Date:	N/A		
School Board: N/A		2	N/A		
				otopt (*	
Architect: BARR RYDER ARCHITECTS			April 2007 Con		
Constructor:		Geographic Location Factor:	Edmonton Bas	e Rate	
Description of Building		ding Area and Volume			
1 Storey w/ Mech. Mez Drilled Conc Piles, Grade Beams dependant on Soil conditions. Loadbearing Blk , Ext wall Cladding			Core	Built-out	
3.0 m Ht Masonry Facing, Upper Walls EIFS, Alum Frame Punch	GIUS	s Floor Area:	3509 m ²	5109 m ²	
Windows, Alum. Curtain Wall at Entry, Modified SBS 2-ply Flat Roof	Net I	Floor Area:	3228 m ²	4721 m ²	
Int Partitions Conc Blk Most Areas & GB/SS Admin. Floors VCT	Volu		17370 m ²	24250m ²	
Most Areas/ Carpet Library, Admin/Wood @ Gym, Ceramic Tile		rior Cladding:	2320 m ²	2767 m ²	
Washrooms, Ceilings Acoustic Tile/GB, Walls Pt/Ceramic Tile Washrooms, Millwork, Mech-Heat w/t Perimeter Radiant Ceiling	11001	Area:	3380 m ²	4980 m ²	
Panels c/w Gas Fired Finned-Tube Hot Water Boilers		of stories above grade:	1 no.	1 no.	
		ular Classrooms Built Out:	N/A	16 no.	
Outline Specification	Ratio	OS		<u> </u>	
A10 Foundation:	NI.41		Core	Built-out	
Piles with grade beams and pile caps for isolated columns, 125 slat on grade based on soils condition in area		Floor Area/GFA:	.92:1	.92:1	
-		rior Cladding Area/GFA:	.66:1	.54:1	
B10 Superstructure: Load bearing concrete block, steel beam interior structure, concrete		low Area/GFA: Area/GFA:	.05:1	.08:1 .97:1	
second floor system.	RUUI	Aled/GFA:	.96:1 4.9	4.7	
B20 Exterior Enclosure:	Can	Capacities			
Wall Cladding is 3.0 m of masonry facing, Upper walls EIFS system	•				
metal siding finish, Aluminum frame punched windows, Curtain Wal At Entry, Modified SBS flat roofing system.			1/ 0/		
B30 Roofing: SBS 2 Ply	Percentage exterior wall glazed: 16 % Soil characteristics:				
DSU RUUIIIIY. SBS 2 PIY		sity plumbing fixtures:			
		ing capacities:			
C10 Interior Construction:		ing capacities:			
Concrete block partitions most areas, drywall partitions at Admin		ilation Capacities:			
Area.		ing intensity:			
C30 Interior Finishes:					
Vinyl composite tile flooring to most areas, ceramic tile washrooms carpet flooring to Library, admin and staff lounge, wood floor in gym	Floo	r Area (by type)			
ceilings area a combination of painted drywall and acoustic tile, wal finish are predominantly paint, ceramic wall tiles at showers, urinals		Туре	Core	Built-out	
and mop sink.		Ancillary Classrooms/CTS	573.3 m ²	n/a m²	
D20 Plumbing:		Permanent Core Classrooms	438.5 m ²	n/a m ²	
		Gymnasium	627.5 m ²	n/a m ²	
D30 HVAC, Fire Protection:		Library	227 m ²	n/a m²	
System utilizes interior air handling units and boilers, perimeter		Administration/Staff	293.5 m ²	n/a m²	
radiation utilized for heating, air conditioning- excluded, building		Storage	65.6 m ²	n/a m²	
sprinklered, mechanical system controlled using digital controls.		Mech/Elect/Maintenance	249.7 m ²	m ²	
		Circulation	583.4 m ²	m ²	
		Other	169.5 m ²	m ²	



APPENDIX E – DESIGN RATIOS – 600 CORE SCHOOL

Project Identification				
D50 Electrical: Main Service size of 800 amps at 120/208 volts, Data, Voice and TV systems included using conduit & cable trays, security system included, public address system included, connections to allow for future portables.		Modular Classrooms Built out	N/A	1600 m ²
Capital Cost of Permanent Core per m ² (April 2007\$)	Gros	ss Floor Area	3509m ²	5109 m ²



Appendix F – LEED® Checklist



d.	roject Na	Project Name - K-9 Core School (600 Students)	K-9 Core Scho (600 Students		Date - 31/10/2007	07		
	Proje	Project # - 2/339	238	Prepared By - 20	SB		T	
dit	Credit Tally	Categ	Category	Title	Points	Responsible Professionals	rofessionals	
	2 N				Available	Primary	Secondary	Comments
1								
7	2	N Sust	staina	Sustainable Sites	l			
>		Prered 1	q 1	Erosion & Sedimentation Control	0	Contractor	Arch	Silt fencing, Sediment traps
-		Credit 1	13	Site Selection	-	Owner/Client	Arch	Client responsibility
		1 Credit 2	27	Urban Redevelopment	٦			
		1 Credit 3	13	Brownfield Redevelopment	۲			
		Credit 4.		Alternative Transportation, Public Transportation Access	٣	Arch		Confirm Public transit access
		Credit 4.2	142	Alternative Transportation, Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms	۲	Arch		22 bike stalls and 1 shower req'd
		1 Credit 4.3	14.3	Alternative Transportation, Hybrid & Alternative Fuel Vehicles	-	Arch	Owner/Client	
		Credit 4	4.4	Alternative Transportation, Parking Capacity	٣	Arch		Provide Parking Stalls
		Credit 5.1	1.5.1	Reduced Site Disturbance, Protect or Restore Open Space	۲	Contractor	Arch	Arch to provide regmts to Contractor
		Credit 5.2	52	Reduced Site Disturbance, Development Footprint	-	Arch	Contractor	Arch to provide regmts to Contractor
		Credit 6.1	1.6.1	Stormwater Management, Rate and Quantity	۲	Mech	Arch	
		1 Credit 6/2	16.2	Stormwater Management, Treatment	-	Mech	Arch	
	-	Credit 7,1	121	Landscape & Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands Non-Roof	F	Land	Arch	
		Credit 7.2	12	Landscape & Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands Roof	F	Land	Arch	Energy star Roof
		Credit 8	8	Light Pollution Reduction	-	Elec	Arch	
		1 0.14	Cutatel	state Distance				

edit	Credit 1.1 W	Water Efficient Landscaping Reduce by 50%	-	Land	Arch
edit	Credit 1.2 W	Water Efficient Landscaping. No Potable Use or No Irrigation	٢	Land	Arch
Credit 2		nnovative Wastewater Technologies	-	Mech	
redit	Ore-dit 3.1 W	Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction	٣	Mech	
tipe:	Credit 3.2 W	Water Use Reduction, 30% Reduction	-	Mech	
	0 Subtotal	Possible Points	5		

and the second

31/10/2007

7 N Available Primary Secondary Comments Y 7 N Enterry & Atmosphere Enterry Secondary Comments Y Prene1 Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning 0 Mech Mech Electron Y Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Mech Elec Y Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Arch Mini 29% Energy Reduction Y Mech Elec Mech Elec Arch Mini 29% Energy Reduction Y Mech Elec Mech Elec Arch Mini 29% Energy Reduction Y Mech Elec Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mini 29% Energy Reduction Y Mech Elec Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mini 29% Energy Reduction Y Mech Elec Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mini 29% Energy Reduction Y Mech Elec Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mech Elec Mech Elec Mech	Credit Tally	Tally	Category	Title	Points	Responsible	Responsible Professionals	
7 N Energy & Atmosphere 7 N Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning 0 Mech 7 Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Bech 7 Feeq Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec 7 Feeq Feeq Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec 7 Feeq Feeq 1 0 Mech Elec Arch 8 Feeq Feeq 1 1 Arch Mech Elec 1 Feeq Feeq 1 Arch Mech Elec Arch 1 Feed Feed 1 Arch Mech Elec 1 Feed Feed 1 Arch Mech 1 Feed Additional Commissioning 1 Arch Mech 1 Feed Arch Mech Elec Arch 1 Feed Arch Mech Elec 1 Feed Feed 1 Arch Mech 1 Feed Feed Feed Feed 1 Feed Feed Feed 1 Feed					Available	Primary	Secondary	Comments
7 N Energy & Atmosphere Penerd Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning 0 Mech Mech Penerd Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Penerd Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Penerd Fenerd Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Penerd Fenerd Penergy Performance 0 Mech Elec Penerd Fenergy Performance 0 Mech Elec Arch Penerd Penergy Performance 1 Mech Elec Arch Penerd Renewable Energy For 0 Mech Elec Arch Penerd Renewable Energy For 0 Mech Elec Arch Penerd Renewable Energy For 0 Mech Elec Penerd Renewable Energy For 0 Mech Elec Pene								
Prend / Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning 0 Comm Mech/Arch Prend / Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend / Prend /	7	~	N Energy	& Atmosphere				
Prend Minimum Energy Performance 0 Mech Elec Penend CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment 0 Mech Elec Penend CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment 0 Mech Elec Penend CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment 0 Mech Elec Penend Penend Mech Elec Arch Mech Penend Penend Penend 1 Arch Mech Elec Penend Penend Penend 1 Arch Mech Elec Penend Penend Penend 1 Arch Mech Elec Penend Penend Penend Penend 1 Arch Mech Elec Penend Penend Penend Penend Pench Pench Elec Penend Penend Penend Pench Pench Elec Perch Pench Elec Penend Penend Penend Penend Pench	7		Timera 1	Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning	0	Comm	Mech/Arch	
Prema CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment 0 Mech F Poetinize Energy Performance 10 Mech, Elec Arch F Poetinize Energy Performance 10 Mech, Elec Arch Mech, Elec F Poetinize Energy Performance 1 Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mech, Elec F Poetinize Energy Finance 1 Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mech, Elec F Poetinize Energy Finance 1 Arch Mech, Elec Arch Mech, Elec F Poetinize Poetinize 1 Arch Mech, Elec Arch F Poetinize Poetinize 1 Arch Mech, Elec Arch F Poetinize Poetinize 1 Pricinize 1 Pricinize Pricinize F Poetinize Poetinize Poetinize 1 Pricinize Pricinize Pricinize F Poetinize Poetinize Poetinize 1 Prich Pricinize	7		Prered 2	Minimum Energy Performance	0	Mech	Elec	
K Oeth 11 Optimize Energy Performance 10 Mech. Elec Arch I 1 0eth 2 Renewable Energy 5% 1 Arch Mech. Elec Arch I 1 0eth 2 Renewable Energy 5% 1 Arch Mech. Elec Arch I 1 0eth 2 Renewable Energy 10% 1 Arch Mech. Elec I 1 1 Arch Mech. Elec Arch Mech. Elec I 2 0eth 2 Renewable Energy 20% 1 Arch Mech. Elec I 2 0eth 2 Renewable Energy 20% 1 1 Arch Mech. Elec I 0 0eth 2 Additional Commissioning 1 1 Arch Mech. Elec I 0 0eth 3 Additional Commissioning 1 1 Mech. Elec Arch I 0 0eth 3 1 Mech. Elec I 1 Mech. Elec I I 0	7		Fresed 3	CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment	0	Mech		
I I Arch Mech. Election I 1 Cener2.3 Renewable Energy. 10% 1 Arch Mech. Election I 1 Cener2.3 Renewable Energy. 20% 1 Arch Mech. Election I 1 Cener2.3 Renewable Energy. 20% 1 Arch Mech. Election I 1 Cener3 Additional Commissioning 1 Arch Mech. Election I 1 Coners Coners Election 1 Mech. Election I 1 Coners 1 Mech. Election I Cener 1 Mech. Election I 1 Mech. Election 1 Mech. Election I 1 Mech Election 1 I 10 Subtotal Possible Points 1	4			Optimize Energy Performance	10	Mech, Elec	Arch	min 29% Energy Reduction
1 0+040.2 (model 2) Renewable Energy. 10% 1 Arch Mech. Elect 1 1 0+040.2 (model 2) Renewable Energy. 20% 1 Arch Mech. Elec 1 1 1 0+041.2 (model 2) Renewable Energy. 20% 1 Arch Mech. Elec 1 2 0+044.2 (model 2) 20% 1 Arch Mech. Elec 1 0 0+044.2 (model 2) 0 1 Mech. Elec 1 1 0+045.2 (model 2) 0 0 1 Mech. Elec 1 1 0+045.2 (model 2) 0 0 0 1 Mech. Elec 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1			1 Credit 2.1	Renewable Energy, 5%	-	Arch	Mech, Elec	
1 0emt23 Renewable Energy. 20% 1 Arch Mech. Elect 1 V 0emt3 Additional Commissioning 1 Port Mech. Elect 1 V 0emt4 Ozone Depletion 1 Mech. Elect 1 Mech. Elect 1 V 0emt5 Measurement & Verification 1 Mech Elect 1 10 Subfot Al Possible Points 1 Mech Elect			1 Credit 2.2	Renewable Energy, 10%	۴	Arch	Mech, Elec	
1 Oreall 3 Additional Commissioning 1 Comm 1 0 Code4 Ozone Depletion 1 Mech 1 1 Comm 1 Mech 1 10 Subtotal 1 Client			1 Credit 2.3	Renewable Energy, 20%	-	Arch	Mech, Elec	
Model Corrent Beneficion Mech Model Corrent & Verification 1 Mech Media Mech 1 Mech Media Mech 1 Mech Media Mech 1 Mech Media Mech 1 1 Media Mech 1		-	Credit 3	Additional Commissioning	۴	Comm		
Measurement & Verification Mech Elec 1 1 2000 Green Power 1 1 10 Subtotal Possible Points	-		Credit 4	Ozone Depletion	۴	Mech		
1 10 Subtotal 1 10 Subtotal	-		Credit 5	Measurement & Verification		Mech	Elec	
1 10 Subtotal Points			1 Credit 6	Green Power	-	Client		Client Action
	9	-	10 Subtota					
	~	~	N Materia	Materials & Resources				

1 Notifie Reuse, Maintain 75% of Existing Shell Arch Arch 1 Rev0.12 Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell Arch Arch 1 Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell Arch Arch Contractor 1 Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell Broch Arch Contractor 1 Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell Broch Arch Contractor 1 Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell Construction Waste Management Divert 75% Dimeter Shell Arch Contractor 1 Construction Waste Management Divert 75% Econtractor Arch Contractor 1 Construction Waste Management Divert 75% Econtractor Arch Contractor 1 Construction Waste Management Divert 75% Econtractor Arch Contractor 1 Construction Waste Management Divert 75% Econtractor Arch Contractor 1 Construction Waste Management Divert 75% Econtractor Arch Contractor 1 Construct Reuse, Specity 5% <t< th=""><th></th><th>Prered 1</th><th>Storage & Collection of Recyclables</th><th>0</th><th>Contractor</th><th>Arch</th><th></th></t<>		Prered 1	Storage & Collection of Recyclables	0	Contractor	Arch	
Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell Arch Building Reuse, Maintain 100%, Shell & 50%, Non-Shell 1 Arch Building Reuse, Maintain 100%, Shell & 50%, Non-Shell 1 Arch Construction Waste Management Divert 50% 1 Contractor Arch Construction Waste Management Divert 75% 1 Contractor Arch Resource Reuse, Specity 5% 1 Contractor Arch Resource Reuse, Specity 10% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content Specity 10% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content Specity 50% 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials, of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally (steel/concrete) 1 Arch Local/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials 1	-	Credit 1.1	Building Reuse, Maintain 75% of Existing Shell	-	Arch		
Building Reuse, Maintain 100% Shell & 50% Non-Shell Arch Construction Waste Management Divert 55% 1 Arch Construction Waste Management Divert 75% 1 Contractor Arch 1 Contractor Arch Construction Waste Management Divert 75% 1 Contractor Arch Resource Reuse, Specify 5% 7 Arch Arch Resource Reuse, Specify 10% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content, Specify 55% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content, Specify 50% 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials, of 20% Above, 50% Harvested Locally (steel/concrete) 1 Arch Rapidly Renewable Materials 20% Above, 50% Harvested Locally 1 Arch Uncal/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Uncal/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Uncal/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Durable building 1 Arch Arch	-	Credit 1.2	Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell	٣	Arch		
Construction Waste Management Divert 50% 1 Contractor Arch Construction Waste Management Divert 75% 1 Contractor Arch Resource Reuse, Specify 5% 1 Arch Arch Resource Reuse, Specify 10% 1 Arch Arch Resource Reuse, Specify 10% 1 Arch Arch Resource Reuse, Specify 50% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content, Specify 50% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content, Specify 50% 1 Arch Arch Recycled Content, Specify 50% 1 Arch Arch Resource Reuse, 50% Harvested Locatly (steel/concrete) 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials, of 20% Above, 50% Harvested Locatly 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Local/Regional Materials 1 Arch Arch Local/Relied Wood 1 Arch Arch Durable building 1 Arch Arch	-	Credit 1.3	Building Reuse, Maintain 100% Shell & 50% Non-Shell	F	Arch		
Construction Waste Management Divert 75% 1 Contractor Arch Resource Reuse. Specify 5% 1 Arch 1 Resource Reuse. Specify 10% 7 Arch 1 Recycled Content. Specify 55% 1 Arch 1 Recycled Content. Specify 55% 1 Arch 1 Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch 1 Local/Regional Materials. 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete) 1 Arch Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 Arch Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 2.1	Construction Waste Management Divert 50%	۲	Contractor	Arch	Contractor
Resource Reuse. Specify 5% 1 Arch Resource Reuse. Specify 10% 1 Arch Resource Reuse. Specify 10% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 55% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Local/Regional Materials. 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete) 1 All Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 Arch Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 2.2	Construction Waste Management, Divert 75%	-	Contractor	Arch	Contractor
Resource Reuse. Specify 10% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 25% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Local/Regional Materials. 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete) 1 All Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 All Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Certified Wood 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 3.1	Resource Reuse, Specify 5%	٣	Arch		Under investigation
Recycled Content. Specify 25% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Local/Regional Materials. 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete) 1 All Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 All Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Certified Wood 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 3.2	Resource Reuse, Specify 10%	-	Arch		
Recycled Content. Specify 50% 1 Arch Local/Regional Materials. 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete) 1 All Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 All Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Certified Wood 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 4.1	Recycled Content, Speaily 25%	-	Arch		Product specification
Local/Regional Materials. 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete) 1 All Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 All Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Certified Wood 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch	-	Credit 4.2	Recycled Content, Specify 50%	-	Arch		
Local/Regional Materials. of 20% Above. 50% Harvested Locally 1 All Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Certified Wood 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 5.1	Local/Regional Materials, 10% Manufactured Locally (steel/concrete)	-	All		
Rapidly Renewable Materials 1 Arch Certified Wood 1 Arch Durable building 1 Arch	-	Credit 5.2	Local/Regional Materials, of 20% Above, 50% Harvested Locally	-	AII		
Certified Wood 1 Arch Struct Durable building 1 Arch		Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	-	Arch		
Durable building	-	Credit 7	Certified Wood	۲	Arch	Struct	
		Credit 8	Durable building	-	Arch		research CSA S478-95(R2001)

APPENDIX F – LEED® CHECKLIST – 600 CORE SCHOOL

31/10/2007

Credit Tally	Tally	Category	Title	Points	Responsible	Responsible Professionals	
	5	N		Available	Primary	Secondary	Comments
7	~	N Indoor Environm	Environmental Quality				
7		Prered 1	Minimum IAQ Performance	0	Mech		
۲		TTTT Presed 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	0	Contractor	Owner	By Arch/Owner
-		Credit 1	Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Monitoring	-	Mech		
-		Credit 2	Increase Ventilation Effectiveness	٣	Mech	Arch	
-		Credit 3.1	Construction IAQ Management Plan During Construction	٣	Contractor	Mech	Contractor - outline in spec.
-		Gredit 3.2	Construction IAQ Management Plan Belore Occupancy	۴	Contractor	Mech	Contractor - outline in spec.
-		Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials, Adhesives & Sealents	۲	Arch		specifications
-		Credit 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials, Paints	F	Arch		specifications
-		Credit 4.3	Low-Emitting Materials, Carpet	F	Arch		specifications
-		Credit 4.4	Low-Emitting Materials, Composite Wood	F	Arch		specifications
-		Credit 5	Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control	-	Mech	Arch	Foot Grilles, Full height walls, P. copier?
	Ţ	Credit 6.1	Controllability of Systems, Perimeter	-	Arch	Elec	research window locn's, light controls
	÷	Credit 6.2	Controllability of Systems, Non-Perimeter	٣	Mech	Arch	research window locn's, light controls
-		Credit 7.1	Thermal Comfort. Comply with ASHRAE 55-1992	F	Mech		Heating, cooling, vent, and humidification monitored and maintained at set levels.
-		Credit 7.2	Thermal Comfort, Permanent Monitoring System, DDC	۴	Mech		DDC system will provide monitoring and system control capability
-		Credit 8 1	Daylight & Views, Daylight 75% of Spaces	-	Arch	Elec	research window locn's, light controls
-		Credit 8.2	Daylight & Views, Views for 90% of Spaces/regularly occupied	-	Arch	Elec	research window locn's, light controls
13	•	o Subtota	al Doscible Doints	15			

a 100	Cia	Cradii 1.1	lanavadian in Daelan Assas Daelada Hamakaanina	2	Clicot	On on for discussion
	5		IIIIovauon III Designi Green Froducts Frodeserende	-	CIIGHT	Open for discussion
	Credit 12	adit 1.2	Innovation in Design: Education Feature	۲	Arch	Open for discussion
	Cre	Credit 1.3	Innovation in Design. Water Performance: Cistern connection	٣	Mech	Open for discussion
	Credit 1.4		Innovation in Design 95% Construction Waste Management	٣	Contractor	Open for discussion
	Cle	Credit 2	LEED TH Accredited Professional	-	Arch	ACHIEVED
1.00	3 SL	3 Subtotal	Possible Points	2		

	oject Score	Possible Points 70
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31/10/2007

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TO BE PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER

Appendix G – Hanscomb Estimate

